NEWPORT MERCURY.

Published for ANN BARBER, opposite the BRICK-MARKET.

2 Dolls. per Ann.] SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1806. [*No.* 2307.

NEW BOOKS.

This Day Received, and for Sale, at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, among others, the following Books, viz.

THE Works of the Hon. James Wilson, L. L. D. late one of the associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, and Professor of Law in the college of Philadelphia; published under the direction of Bird Wilson, Esq. 3 vols. 8vo. elegantly printed, with a fine portrait of the author, by Edwin; from an original painting.

Mavor's Universal History, 25 vols. 12mo. elegantly bound, double title.

Sotherby's translation of the Georgics of Virgil, 1 vol.

Southey's Poems, 2 vols.

Mrs. Opie's Poems, 1 vol. 12mo.

Robinson's Scripture Characters, 4 vols.

British Plutarch, 8 vol.

The American Gardener's Calendar; adapted to the climates and seasons of the United States; containing a complete account of all the work necessary to be done in the kitchen garden, fruit garden, orchard, vineyard, nursery, pleasure garden, flower garden, green house, hot house, and forcing frames for every month in the year; with ample directions for performing the same; also general as well as minute instructions for laying out or erecting each and every of the above departments, according to modern taste and the most approved plans; the ornamental planting of pleasure-grounds in the ancient and modern stile; the cultivation of thorn-quicks and other plants suitable for live hedges, with the best method of making them, &c.—To which are annexed, extensive catalogues of the different kinds of plants, which may be cultivated either for use or ornament in the several departments, or in rural economy: divided into eighteen separate alphabetical classes, according to their habits, duration and modes of culture; with explanatory introductions, marginal marks, and their true *Linnæal* or *Botanical*, as well as English names, together with a copious *Index* to the body of the work.—By Bernard M'Mahon, Nursery, Seedsman, and Florist, 1 vol. 8vo.

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Guardian, 2 vols. 12mo; Idler, 2 vols. 12mo

Tattler, 4 vols.; Observer, 2 vol. 12mo

Lounger, 2 vols.

Goldsmith's Citizen of the World, 2 vols.

Forsyth on Fruit-Trees, 1 vol.

Hoole's Metastasio, 3 vols.

Ferguson's Astronomy, 1 vol.

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Cullen's first Lines of the Practice of Physic 2 vols.

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Bogatzky's Golden Treasury, for the Children of God.

Hobart's Companion for the Altar.

MURRAY's SPELLING-BOOK, price 23 cents, for sale as above.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

Rhode-Island Union Bank

NOTICE.

A Semi-annual Dividend will be declared and paid on the 1st day of July, 1806, and on every succeeding day during Bank-hours, until completed, to the Stockholders of this Institution, standing on the Book on the 25th inst. or their legal Representatives—from which time transfers of shares ceases, until the aforesaid first of July.—And on Monday the 7th of July, at 4 o'clock, P. M. a Stockholder's meeting will be held at the Bank, agreeable to the 6th article of Incorporation, for the purpose of electing Nine Directors for the year ensuing, and transacting such other business as may be laid before them.

By Order of the President & Directors,
JOHN L. BOSS, *Cashier.*
R. I Union Bank, 19th June, 1806.

JAMES D'WOLFE,
Has for SALE, at lowest prices and liberal credit, at his Stores in Bristol,

THREE Thousand excellent River Plate salted Ox Hides.
200 bales of Tallow
A quantity of *pig* and *old* Copper, and dried Beef.
A L S O
400 boxes of Havanna brown Sugars.
Bristol, June 16, 1806.

IF a Woman, by the name of *Esther Briggs*, and another, by the name of *Susanna Tripp*, are living, as it is supposed they are, in the town of Newport, they may be informed of something to their advantage, by applying to

J. BOOTS.
Newport, June 23, 1805.

NOTICE.

AT a Meeting of the Directors of the Rhode-Island Bridge Company, on Wednesday the 11th inst. an assessment of Ten Dollars upon each share in said Bridge was laid, and ordered to be paid to the Treasurer, MOSES SEIXAS, at the Bank of Rhode-Island, on or before the 20th day of July next.

The Stockholders are further informed, that their annual meeting will be held on the last Monday in July next, at the State-House in Newport, at Ten o'clock, A. M.

B. HAZARD, *Clerk.*
Newport, June 15, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY
WILLIAM ROBERTS,
At his Stores, No's. 47 and 48, Long-Wharf, a general assortment of GROCERIES, Wholesale and Retail, viz.

EXCELLENT Jamaica Spirits, by the Hogshead.
St. Croix, third proof, do. by do.
Best of Holland Gin, by the Pipe.
Cogniac and Barcelona Brandy.
Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon and Malaga WINES, of a superior quality.
Hyson, Young-Hyson, Hyson-Skin, Souchong and Bohea TEAS.
Loaf and Brown Sugars. &c. &c.
Likewise, Wool and Flax, of an excellent quality.

A L S O,
A quantity of Paints and Ship-Chandlery, Crockery and Glass-Ware.

He will receive, by the first Packet from New-York, in addition to his present stock, a variety of Crockery and Glass Ware, and a fresh supply of Groceries, which will render his assortment complete and genuine.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

CINCINNATI.

THE Rhode-Island State Society of *Cincinnati*, will celebrate the approaching Anniversary of the Independence of the United States, at Providence, on the 4th of July next.—A general and punctual attendance of the members is requested at Nine o'clock, A. M. on said day, at the State-House.

By Order of the Standing Committe.
Providence, June 19, 1806.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT large, elegant, and convenient House, belonging to the subscriber, situated on the Parade, in Newport, near the State-House; the House is three-stories high with a flat roof, contains twelve rooms, exclusive of a kitchen in the cellar, where there is a good well of water, and rain water cistern; has a convenient yard and coach-house, and a handsome garden; a further description is unnecessary, as the person who wishes to purchase will view the premises.—For terms apply to the Subscriber, at her Farm near Fort-Adams, or of Dr. JONATHAN EASTON, in Newport.

SARAH MUMFORD.
Newport, June 20, 1806.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,
At Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House, on MONDAY, the 14th day of July next, if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,

THAT very pleasantly situated FARM, in the town of Middletown, belonging to the Subscriber, about three miles distance from the State-House, which extends from the main west road to the water on the river, containing about 230 acres of good land, which lays very convenient for obtaining manure from an extensive shore belonging to the Farm—with suitable buildings, in good repair. The land is under good improvement, well fenced, and watered, has an excellent young Orchard, containing between four and five acres of the best Fruit Trees.

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JOHN C. SCOTT.
Newport, June 20, 1806.

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately,

A DWELLING-HOUSE, with a large GARDEN, highly manured, within a mile of the town.—For further information enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury.
Newport, June 20, 1806.

WANTED,

In a small Family,

A SMART, active GIRL, of about 12 or 15 years of age, to whom good wages will be given.—None need apply unless they can be well recommended.—Enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury.

BANK OF RHODE-ISLAND.

THE Stockholders are notified, That in Pursuance of the Ninth Article of the Charter of Incorporation, a Semi-annual Dividend will be declared and paid at this Bank on Monday the 30th Inst. to such Persons as may appear by the Books of this Institution to be Stockholders therein, on the 22d Day of this present Month of June, and according to the Stock standing in their Names in the said Books on the said Day.

By Order of the President & Directors,
M. SEIXAS, *Cashier.*
Newport, June 13, 1806.

THE Creditors of *Shearjashub Bourne*, of Bristol, in the county of Bristol, Esq. an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified, that they bring in and prove their demands within Nine months from the date hereof, before us the subscribers, who are appointed assignees to said insolvent's estate.—That four meetings will be held for that purpose on the first Wednesday of July, the second Wednesday of September, the first Wednesday of November, and the third Wednesday of January next, at the dwelling-house of said *Shearjashub Bourne*, in said Bristol.—Those who shall neglect to comply with this notice, will be forecloſed by the act, entitled "An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors."

RICHARD SMITH, jun.
PARKER BORDEN,
BILLINGS WALDRON, } *Assignees.*
Bristol, April 21, 1806.

JAMES MUMFORD,

Has just Received, and for Sale, at his Store, No. 88, Thames-Street, a general and extensive Assortment of DRY GOODS, among which are,

SUPERFINE, fine, and middling Broadcloths; double-milled black Cassimeres; Calimanco; Durants; Russells; white silk Hose; white and coloured Cambric; black Morocco Shoes; fine Tapes; Bobbins; Fans; black Bombazett; Boglapore; Furniture Chintz; Chambray Muslins; silk Shawls; Leno do.; Long Lawn; India shear Muslin; Barcelona Handkerchiefs; shirt Buttons; Linen; black Crape; Lace-Muslin; fashionable Calicoes; plain and plaid Lutestring; black and blue Rattinet; Ribbons assorted; brown Linen; India Cottons very nice; handsome Marseilles Quilting for vests; cotton Cassimeres; blue and yellow Nankeens; white and black Lace; English and French Gloves; Glove Ties; Dimities; linen Cambrics; sewing Cotton; gentlemen's best beaver Gloves; Suspenders; piquet and Leno Muslin; Sarcenets; Tortoise-shell Combs; also Table-Carpeting.—All which are offered for sale at the most reasonable prices, and as low as at any store in the state.

N. B. All those that are indebted to him, more than three months, are desired to call and settle their accounts.

Newport, June 13, 1806.

WE the subscribers being by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Tiverton appointed commissioners, to receive, examine and adjust the claims of the several creditors to the estate of CHRISTOPHER WARDWELL, late of Tiverton, deceased, represented insolvent; do hereby give notice, that six months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors of the said estate, to bring in and prove their respective claims: that we will attend at our respective dwelling-houses, at any time within that period, for that purpose.

RICHARD DURFEE, } *Com'rs.*
JOHN BOWEN, }

And all persons indebted to said estate, are required to make immediate payment to

ABIGAIL WARDWELL, *Adm'x.*
Tiverton, June 9, 1806.

Linseed Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

At No. 118, Thames-Street,
HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED OIL boil'd or unboil'd.
Best London White-Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting; Venetian Red; India Do.
Stone and Spruce-Yellow.
Red Lead Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease; Prussian-Blue.
Gold and Silver Leaf.
Letharge White Vitriol.
Painter's Brushes and Tools.
Scrubbing and Tar-Brushes.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright and Black Varnish.
Window-Glass and Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry properly prepared.

By sending the Dimension of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant customers may be supplied with a sufficient quantity of colours for any work at the shortest notice, with directions to use them. *April* 19, 1805.

From the PHILADELPHIA GAZETTE.

INTERESTING PAMPHLET.

WE have been favoured with the loan of a valuable English production, entitled "An Inquiry into the state of the Nation, at the commencement of the present administration." Its author is avowedly hostile to the policy of the late British minister, particularly with regard to the continental alliances.—Under this head he proceeds, in a copious and perspicuous manner, to trace back to its cause, the unfortunate failure of the "third Coalition." The facts and arguments which he produces, evince that he has had ample success to the highest sources of political information; and that he has viewed with a clear and steady eye, the operating causes of the present calamitous situation of all Europe.

So far back as 1803, the courts of Vienna and Petersburg had yielded to the influence of British representations, and determined on hostility to France, but as the author indignantly remarks, "by a consummation of head-long impatience, the execution of the enterprize was attempted before time was given to obtain a definitive answer from Prussia, whether favourable or adverse to the views of the league. What shall we say, then, if it appears, that far from waiting until Prussia had become favourably disposed, the allies did not even suspend their measures until she had given a positive answer; that far from waiting to ascertain whether Prussia meant to join them, or remain neutral, they *rushed* into the war before they knew whether she was to remain neutral, or to take part with France?"

But that part of the present work which most interests this country, is that which treats of the relations of England with the few powers which have preserved *a strict neutrality*, particularly with the United States, "*the chief*," adds the writer, "*indeed the only considerable nation of this description.*" The doctrine of the British in relation to neutral trade is here discussed, not so much on the point of propriety and right, as to its policy.—As we mean to lay before our readers, the whole of the article on this subject, we shall at present forbear making any extracts from it.

The pamphlet next treats of the right assumed by the British of searching all American vessels at sea, and impressing the British seamen found in them. This rights, he contends, does not belong to, nor can it with justice be exercised by the nation. "Do we mean then," exclaims he, "to deny to our sailors alone, of all classes of the people, a right to leave the country, and seek employment in the territories of friendly powers? It is hurtful to the commerce of the country, that artizans should go to America and Russia, and we have various laws in our statute-book, the fruits of a mistaken policy, framed with a view of preventing such an emigration. But no one can propose, at the present day, to extend such prohibitions, and still less was it ever in contemplation to reclaim the artizens who hah actually gone away, and settled in foreign countries.—A sailor working in an American ship, is only in the predicament of a farmer cultivating an American plantation, and the search of the ship for the purpose of seizing the sailor, would be an act of as violent aggression, as the search of the country for the seizure of the farmer. The only difference between the cases is, that we *happen to have the power in the former*, and not in the latter.'—On this subject we shall hereafter give this article also at full length.

The general contents of this pamphlet cannot fail of interesting the American reader. From the drift of its reasoning, we are led to make this single, but to us important inference, that being the production of a pen evidently in the service of the present English cabinet, the public will be enabled, by a perusal of its contents, to judge of the views and disposition of that ministry towards this country; and we are happy to say, from a hasty glance at its pages, that it breathes no sentiments towards us but those of conciliation and perfect good will.

Mr. S. Blodget, jun. in his annual statistical table, states the number of banks in the United States in 1805 at 72; bank notes in circulation, 15 000,000 dollars; metallic medium, 18 000 000 dollars; free persons 5 156 000; slaves, 1 024,000; total population 6 180 000; total increase in 1805 180 000; militia 1 100 000; navy, 24 vessels, carrying 574 guns; seamen, 66,000.

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ALSO

400 boxes of Havanna brown Sugars.

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Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon and Malaga WINES, of a superior quality.

Hyson, Young-Hyson, Hyson-Skin, Souchong and Bohea TEAS.

Loaf and Brown Sugars. &c. &c.

Likewise, Wool and Flax, of an excellent quality.

ALSO,

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By Order of the Standing Committe.

Providence, June 19, 1806.

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SARAH MUMFORD.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

At Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House, on MONDAY, the 14th day of July next, if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,

THAT very pleasantly situated FARM, in the town of Middletown, belonging to the Subscriber, about three miles distance from the State-House, which extends from the main west road to the water on the river, containing about 230 acres of good land, which lays very convenient for obtaining manure from an extensive shore belonging to the Farm—with suitable buildings, in good repair. The land is under good improvement, well fenced, and watered, has an excellent young Orchard, containing between four and five acres of the best Fruit Trees.

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WANTED,

In a small Family,

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BANK OF RHODE-ISLAND.

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By Order of the President & Dirrctors
M. SEIXAS, *Cashier.*

Newport, June 13, 1806.

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RICHARD SMITH, jun.
PARKER BORDEN,
BILLINGS WALDRON, } *Assignees.*

Bristol, April 21, 1806.

JAMES MUMFORD,

Has just Received, and for Sale, at his Store, No. 88, *Thames-Street, a general and extensive Assortment of DRY GOODS, among which are,*

SUPERFINE, fine, and middling Broadcloths; double-milled black Cassimeres; Calimanco; Durants; Russells; white silk Hose; white and coloured Cambric; black Morocco Shoes; fine Tapes; Bobbins; Fans; black Bombazett; Boglapore; Furniture Chintz; Chambray Muslins; silk Shawls; Leno do.; Long Lawn; India shear Muslin; Barcelona Handkerchiefs; shirt Buttons; Linen; black Crape; Lace-Muslin; fashionable Calicoes; plain and plaid Lutestring; black and blue Rattinet; Ribbons assorted; brown Linen; India Cottons very nice; handsome Marseilles Quilting for vests; cotton Cassimeres; blue and yellow Nankeens; white and black Lace; English and French Gloves; Glove Ties; Dimities; linen Cambrics; sewing Cotton; gentlemen's best beaver Gloves; Suspenders; piquet and Leno Muslin; Sarcenets; Tortoise-shell Combs; also Table-Carpeting.—All which are offered for sale at the most reasonable prices, and as low as at any store in the state.

N. B. All those that are indebted to him, more than three months, are desired to call and settle their accounts.

Newport, June 13, 1806.

WE the subscribers being by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Tiverton appointed commissioners, to receive, examine and adjust the claims of the several creditors to the estate of CHRISTOPHER WARDWELL, late of Tiverton, deceased, represented insolvent; do hereby give notice, that six months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors of the said estate, to bring in and prove their respective claims: that we will attend at our respective dwelling-house, at any time within that period, for that purpose.

RICHARD DURFEE, }
JOHN BOWEN, } *Com'rs.*

And all persons indebted to said estate, are required to make immediate payment to

ABIGAIL WARDWELL, *Adm'x.*

Tiverton, June 9, 1806.

Linseed Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

At No. 118, Thames-Street,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED OIL boil'd or unboil'd.
Best London White-Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting; Venetian Red; India Do.
Stone and Spruce-Yellow.
Red Lead Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease; Prussian-Blue.
Gold and Silver Leaf.
Letharge White Vitriol.
Painter's Brushes and Tools.
Scrubbing and Tar-Brushes.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright and Black Varnish.
Window-Glass and Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry properly prepared.

By sending the Dimension of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant customers may be supplied with a sufficient quantity of colours for any work at the shortest notice, with directions to use them. *April* 19, 1805.

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INTERESTING PAMPHLET.

WE have been favoured with the loan of a valuable English production, entitled "An Inquiry into the state of the Nation, at the commencement of the present administration." Its author is avowedly hostile to the policy of the late British minister, particularly with regard to the continental alliances.—Under this head he proceeds, in a copious and perspicuous manner, to trace back to its cause, the unfortunate failure of the "third Coalition." The facts and arguments which he produces, evince that he has had ample success to the highest sources of political information; and that he has viewed with a clear and steady eye, the operating causes of the present calamitous situation of all Europe.

So far back as 1803, the courts of Vienna and Petersburg had yielded to the influence of British representations, and determined on hostility to France, but as the author indignantly remarks, "by a consummation of head-long impatience, the execution of the enterprize was attempted before time was given to obtain a definitive answer from Prussia, whether favourable or adverse to the views of the league. What shall we say, then, if it appears, that far from waiting until Prussia had become favourably disposed, the allies did not even suspend their measures until she had given a positive answer; that far from waiting to ascertain whether Prussia meant to join them, or remain neutral, they *rushed* into the war before they knew whether she was to remain neutral, or to take part with France?"

But that part of the present work which most interests this country, is that which treats of the relations of England with the few powers which have preserved *a strict neutrality*, particularly with the United States, "*the chief*," adds the writer, "*indeed the only considerable nation of this description.*" The doctrine of the British in relation to neutral trade is here discussed, not so much on the point of propriety and right, as to its policy.—As we mean to lay before our readers, the whole of the article on this subject, we shall at present forbear making any extracts from it.

The pamphlet next treats of the right assumed by the British of searching all American vessels at sea, and impressing the British seamen found in them. This rights, he contends, does not belong to, nor can it with justice be exercised by the nation. "Do we mean then," exclaims he, "to deny to our sailors alone, of all classes of the people, a right to leave the country, and seek employment in the territories of friendly powers? It is hurtful to the commerce of the country, that artizans should go to America and Russia, and we have various laws in our statute-book, the fruits of a mistaken policy, framed with a view of preventing such an emigration. But no one can propose, at the present day, to extend such prohibitions, and still less was it ever in contemplation to reclaim the artizens who hah actually gone away, and settled in foreign countries.—A sailor working in an American ship, is only in the predicament of a farmer cultivating an American plantation, and the search of the ship for the purpose of seizing the sailor, would be an act of as violent aggression, as the search of the country for the seizure of the farmer. The only difference between the cases is, that we *happen to have the power in the former*, and not in the latter.'—On this subject we shall hereafter give this article also at full length.

The general contents of this pamphlet cannot fail of interesting the American reader. From the drift of its reasoning, we are led to make this single, but to us important inference, that being the production of a pen evidently in the service of the present English cabinet, the public will be enabled, by a perusal of its contents, to judge of the views and disposition of that ministry towards this country; and we are happy to say, from a hasty glance at its pages, that it breathes no sentiments towards us but those of conciliation and perfect good will.

Mr. S: Blodget, jun. in his annual statistical table, states the number of banks in the United States in 1805 at 72; bank notes in circulation, 15 000,000 dollars; metallic medium, 18 000 000 dollars; free persons 5 156 000; slaves, 1 024,000; total population 6 180 000; total increase in 1805 180 000; militia 1 100 000; navy, 24 vessels, carrying 574 guns; seamen, 66,000.

LATEST FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE,

By an arrival at New York from Liverpool. —London dates to May 8, 1806.

GREAT-BRITAIN.

LONDON, MAY 6, 1806.

IN the Houſe of Lords the 6th of May, on the ſecond reading of the American and Weſt-India trade bill, Lord Sheffield moved to diſcharge the order for the 2d reading of the bill, with the view of poſtponing it, in order to give time for the conſideration of the ſubject, as numerous petitions would be preſented againſt it. Lord Grenville moved that the bill be read a ſecond time; which excited conſiderable debate. The Earl of Lauderdale, the Lord Chancellor, Earl of Caernarvon, Duke of Clarence, Lord Holland, Lord Auckland and Lord Grenville, ſupported the reading, and the Duke of Montroſe, Earl Camden, Lord Hawkſbury, and Lord Elden oppoſed it. The bill was however read a ſecond time, and committed for Thurſday the 8th May.

From the LONDON GAZETTE of May 6.

ADMIRALTY OFFICE, May 6.

Copy of a letter from Sir John Borlaſe Warren, Bart. and K. B. Vice Admiral of the Blue, &c. to Wm. Marſden, Eſq. dated on board his Majeſty's ſhip Foudroyant, at Sea, the 14th of March.

SIR—I requeſt you will communicate to their Lordſhips, that at half paſt three A. M. on the 13th of March, his Majeſty's ſhip the London, which I had ſtationed to windward of the ſquadron, having wore, and made the ſignal for ſome ſtrange ſails, I directed the Squadron to wear likewiſe upon the larboard tack, the wind being at W. S. W. and as day light appeared, made the ſignal for a general chace: ſoon afterwards the London was obſerved in action with a large ſhip and a frigate, and continued ſupporting a running fire with thoſe ſhips which were endeavouring to eſcape, until half paſt ſeven, when the Amazon being the advanced ſhip, purſued alſo and engaged the frigate, which was attempting to bear away. The remainder of the ſquadron approaching faſt upon the enemy (and the action having continued from before day-light until 43 min. after nine A. M.) the line of battle ſhip, bearing the flag of a Rear-Admiral, ſtruck; and, at 53 min. paſt the above hour, the frigate alſo followed her example, when an officer came on board the Foudroyant with Admiral Linois' ſword and informed me that the ſhips which had ſurrendered to his Majeſty's colours were the Marengo of 80 guns, 740 men, and the Belle Poule, of 40 guns, eighteen pounders, and 320 men; returning to France from the Eaſt-Indies; theſe ſhips being the remainder of the French ſquadron which had committed ſo much depredation upon the Britiſh commerce in the eaſtern world. I have much ſatisfaction in ſtating the meritorious and gallant conduct of Capts. Sir Harry Neale and William Parker, ſupported by the zeal and bravery of the officers and crews of their reſpective ſhips, who claim my warmeſt thanks and acknowledgements; and whoſe exertions, I hope, will recommend them to their Lordſhip's particular notice and favour. I cannot however, avoid regretting that the force of the enemy, did not afford to the officers and men of the other ſhips of the ſquadron, who ſhewed the moſt earneſt deſire to have cloſed with the enemy, an opportunity of diſplaying that valour and attachment to their King and country, which I am confident, they will be happy to evince upon ſome future and more favourable occaſion. I have enclоſed a liſt of the killed and wounded on board his Majeſty's ſhips, as well as their defects; and have likewiſe forwarded a particular ſtatement of the ſhips captured, together with an account of the loſs ſuſtained by the enemy, being the moſt correct that could be aſcertained from the rolle d'equipage. Rear-Admiral Linois is among the wounded, as well as ſeveral other officers.

I have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed) J. B. WARREN.

A Return of the killed and wounded on board the Marengo and Belle Poule, in the action.

Marengo and Belle Poule,—65 killed and 80 wounded.

(Signed) J. B. WARREN.

Killed on board H. M. S. London.—Mr. William Rocke, Midſhipman; James Murphy, Seaman; Henry Van Heyley, do John Fay, do.; James Slyde do; William Bryan, boy; John Moon, landſman; Wm. Griffiths, Wm. Sumner Thomas Poole, private marines

Wounded dangerouſly—1 officer and 14 ſeamen.

Ditto ſlightly—1 do and 4 do.

(Signed) H. B. NEALE.

Killed on board H. M. S. Amazon—Mr. Richard Seymour, Firſt Lieutenant; Edward Prior, Lieut. of the Royal Marines; Wm. Gundy, A. B.; George Royal, private Marine.

Wounded—1 Quarter Maſter; 1 corporal and 3 ſeamen.

(Signed) WM. PARKER.

PLYMOUTH MAY 3.

Arrived the John Bull cutter, with diſpatches from Admiral Sir J. B. Warren containing the agreeable intelligence of the capture of the famous Admiral Linois. It is gratifying to hear that the greater part of the treaſure he obtained after a moſt ſucceſsful cruize in the Indian Seas, is on board the Marengo.

LONDON, May 5.

The Paris Papers acknowledge the report of the evacuation of the mouths of the Cataro to be premature; and ſtate the return of Prince Murat from the Dutchies of Berg and Cleves, and the arrival of the Batavian Commiſſioners, appointed by the Chief Magiſtrate of that Republic to repair to the Court of France.

Admiral Stirling has left the Channel in queſt of the French ſquadron. His force conſiſts of the Glory, of 98 guns; Barfleur, of 98 guns; Mars, of 74 guns; Dragon, of 74 guns; Revenge, of 74 guns; Warrior, of 74 guns; Niobe, frigate, and a brig.

May 6.

The attendance at Lord Melville's trial was yeſterday more numerous than on any of the preceding five days. This was ſuppoſed to be owing to the increaſed curioſity which was raiſed by the expected examination of Mr. Trotter. After Meſſrs. Olipant Standard, and A. Douglas had been examined, upon points of leſs moment, Mr. Trotter was called, and his examination continued from half paſt twelve till four.

This moſt important witneſs was examined, in the firſt inſtance, by Mr. Whitbread, and croſs-examined by Mr. Plumer. At the cloſe of his croſs-examination, Mr. Whitbread declared his intention to re-examine him; but it being underſtood that the re-examination would occupy ſome time, the Court adjourned till Wedneſday.

A letter from Bombay, dated December 11th, contains a very ſatisfactory account of the diſtribution of our naval force in the Indian ſeas.

Sir Edward Pellew guards the Malabar and Coromandel coaſts and the Gulphs adjacent, with 6 ſhips and 5 frigates.

Sir Thomas Trowbridge has the Eaſtward ſtation, with 3 ſhips and 7 frigates.

As it is alſo deemed very probable that Sir Home Popham has, by this time, added a part of the force which he had at the Cape to one of the above diviſions, we are ſo far from feeling any uneaſineſs at the poſſible arrival of French ſquadrons in thoſe ſeas, that we anticipate the certainty of their meeting the ſame fate which awaited their countrymen in the Bay of St. Domingo.

May 8.

The King of Sweden, in conſequence of hoſtilities having been commenced againſt his troops by Pruſſia, has ordered an embargo on all Pruſſian veſſels in his ports. The Swediſh troops are evacuating Lunenberg, and retiring to Swediſh Pomerania, which it is ſuppoſed the Pruſſians will immediately invade.

The preſent policy by which the Pruſſian government are influenced, has excited the greateſt diſſatisfaction, which is no where attempted to be diſguiſed, and which the military are by no means active in repreſſing. Haugwitz is never mentioned without the deepeſt execration, whilſt Hardenberg is univerſally beloved and reſpected. The windows of the houſe inhabited by the former have been broken, whilſt garlands of flowers have been affixed to the houſe lately poſſeſſed by the latter. In the midſt of this popular ferment, the diſtreſſes of the merchants are increaſing daily, and a deputation has lately been ſent to the King at Potſdam, to lay before him the calamitous ſituation of their affairs.

There was a report yeſterday that count Haugwitz was to be ſent to England, to endeavour to adjuſt the differences between the two governments. A man more unlikely to ſucceed in ſuch a miſſion could not eaſily have been ſelected. We do not believe the report.

On the queſtion for the Houſe to reſolve itſelf into a committee on the bill for repealing the additional defence act, a debate of conſiderable length took place in the Houſe of Commons laſt night. Mr. Fox delivered a deciſive opinion in favour of the new military plan, but no information was afforded with reſpect to the period when the legiſlative meaſures neceſſary to carry it into effect will be brought forward.—We ſtill think that they will not be brought forward this ſeſſion.

The blockade of the Elbe and Weſer continues.

The reſignation (*alias* depoſition) of His Holineſs Pius VII. is daily expected at Rome.—And the election of Cardinal Feſch (one of Bonaparte's uncles) was certain.—He was to reſide at Avignon, that the Eſtates of the Church might be added to one of the Federative Eſtates of the French Empire.

Sir R. Strachan has returned from his cruize, and has rejoined the Channel fleet.—During the whole of his long cruize he never ſaw a ſhip of the enemies; either French, Spaniard, or Dutchman.

Stocks this day at eleven.—3 per Cent. Cons. 60 1-8 1-4 for money—3 per Cent. Red. 59 1-8 1-2—Omnium 2 1-4 1 2 prem.

SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, APRIL 21.

By the laſt accounts from Germany we learn that Gen. Kalkreuth, who commands the Pruſſian troops deſtined to act againſt Swediſh Pomerania (and who had halted, has received freſh orders to march; but private letters from Berlin give reaſon to believe that matters between the two countries will be accommodated.

SWEDISH BULLETIN.

Head-Quarters of the Swediſh Army of Grieſswald, April 26.

Reports received on the 23d from Adjutant Gen. Count Von Lowenheilm, announced that the Pruſſians had on the 21ſt taken poſſeſſion of ſeveral villages in the Mecklenburg territory, along the frontiers of Lauenburgh.

At Marienſtart their Vedettes approached to within 300 paces of the Swediſh out-poſts.—Count Lowenheilm's principal force was then at Groſſzecher and Skekoff.—The Swediſh van-guard retained poſſeſſion of Marienſtart, Snphienthal, the bridge at Becben, and the approaches to Louenburgh and Attlenburgh.

Yeſterday Baron Glaſs Ralame arrived as a courier with a report from Count Von Lowenheilm, dated Gadebuſch, April 23.—It is ſtated in this diſpatch, that at half paſt eight in the morning of the 23d, the Pruſſians paſſed the Louenburgh frontiers at Marienſtatt in ſuch force that the Swediſh troops found it neceſſary, after a brave reſiſtance, to evacuate their poſts in the evening. The loſs of the troops under Count Von Lowenheilm, conſiſts of one huſſar killed, and eight wounded.

The loſs of the Pruſſians cannot yet be ſtated with certainty, but during the action it was remarked that ſome men fell on their ſide, beſides Count Von Lowenhielm, has reſerved the communication of farther details (which with reſpect to the conduct of the Pruſſians will be very ample) until his next report, which is every moment expected.

In conſequence of the hoſtilities thus commenced by the King of Pruſſia, his Swediſh Majeſty was pleaſed to iſſue orders yeſterday for a general embargo on all Pruſſian ſhips in the Swediſh harbours.

BY THE LAST MAILS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 16.

HIGHLY INTERESTING.

WE lately laid before our readers ſome extracts from a Pamphlet written in England, avowedly in defence of Neutral Rights, particularly as they regard the relations between England and the United States. Many enquiries and conjectures have been made as to the author of this work. Some have even intimated that it is the production of a pen under the influence of Mr. Monroe, our Miniſter at London; and of courſe are unwilling to admit that its doctrines and opinions can in any manner be conſidered as a criterion of the diſpoſition and views of the new Britiſh Cabinet towards this country. We are extremely happy in being able to aſſure our readers and the American public generally, that the author of this intereſting work is no leſs a perſon than Lord Holland, nephew of Mr. Fox, and that it has been iſſued in England with the view of preparing the public mind for the reception of certain liberal ſtipulations between that government and America, in which ſome important and advantageous principles will be conceded to us.

In our eſtimation of this article, we conceive it the moſt important intelligence that could be announced. Its authenticity is indiſputable.

June 19.

The General Kirkland's letter.—Many are diſpoſed to give credit to this production. The more we view it the more we are confirmed in the opinion of its being ſpurious. Now, it is well aſcertained that Miranda's ſquadron did not leave the iſland of Aruba until after the 16th of April; and that letters from Curracoa, as late as the 16th of May, a month ſubſequent to their ſailing, confidently ſtate that his two ſchooners had been captured, and that the Leander had retired from the coaſt. Unleſs the date of the letter be incorrectly ſtated, this contradiction is complete. It is alſo rumoured that the Spaniſh Miniſter in this city, has actually received a liſt of the crews of the ſchooners captured.

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 23.

The Tuniſian Ambaſſador arrived in town on Friday laſt. He has taken lodgings at the American Hotel, Greenwich-Street.

Advice is received by the ſhip Eugenia, (arrived at Philadelphia) that the Britiſh were preparing an expedition at the Cape of Good Hope, to be reinforced at St. Helena, and thence to proceed againſt the Spaniſh ſettlements on the River La Plata. Monteviedo was ſuppoſed to be their firſt deſtination.

From our correſpondent at Philadelphia we yeſterday received all the Southern papers due by this morning's mail.

Amongſt the arrivals at Philadelphia, is the brig Reſolution, in 20 days from Laguira. Our correſpondent informs us, that by the Reſolution poſitive accounts are received of the capture of the two Schooners belonging to Miranda. Of three of the crew who jumped overboard, two were picked up by the Spaniards.—It was ſaid that the Spaniſh brigs were left in purſuit of the Leander, and hopes were entertained of their coming up with and capturing her.—Rewards to a large amount were offered for Miranda dead or alive.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, JUNE 25.

MIRANDA's EXPEDITION.

We have accounts via Salem, from Laguira (about 150 miles to leeward of Cumana) to the 4th of June: when no tidings of Miranda's having landed on the Spaniſh main, had been received. There were various reports of his approach in circulation.—The capture of his ſchooners had been affirmed and contradicted. This intelligence invalidates many of the current reports.

Accounts from Antigua (via New-York) to the 3d inſt. ſtate, the arrival there of an expreſs brig, with diſpatches for Admiral Cochrane, informing of the arrival at Martinico, of a French ſquadron of four ſail of the line, and ſix frigates. Not finding Admiral Cochrane at Antigua, the brig proceeded to Dominico.

The Cambrian frigate, Capt. Nairre, was ſpoken June 5, lat. 23, long. 28, bound to Porto-Rico, having heard there were four French frigates there.—Capt. Connel from St. Thomas's, informs, that the frigates were at Porto-Rico the beginning of June.

The Legiſlature was adjourned yeſterday, to the firſt Wedneſday of January next.—The Hon. Council is adjourned to Auguſt.

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1806.

FOURTH OF JULY.

The Committee appointed by the town, for the purpoſe of making arrangements to celebrate the Anniverſary of American Independence, invite all thoſe who are diſpoſed to celebrate the day, to aſſemble at or near the State-Houſe, at the ringing of the Bells at 9 o'clock, A. M.—Col. *JOSEPH BOSS* and Sheriff *DENNIS*, who are appointed Marſhals for the day, will there form the proceſſion, in the following order:——

Newport Guards.
3d Company of Militia.
Muſic and Standards.
Newport Independent Volunteers.
Newport Artillery.
Officers of Militia.
Military Officers of the United States.
Citizens and Strangers.
Mechanic Aſſociation.
Marine Society.
Officers of the Cuſtoms.
Town-Treaſurer and Town-Clerk.
Town-Council, preceded by the Town Sergeant.
Juſtices of the Peace.
Judges of the Courts.
Repreſentatives to the General Aſſembly.
State Senators.
Members of Congreſs.
General-Treaſurer.
His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.
Orator of the Day.
Clergy.
Committee of Arrangements.
Sheriff and Marſhal.

The proceſſion will move at half paſt nine o'clock, up the ſouth ſide of Waſhington-Square, down Spring-Street, through Franklin-Street, up Thames-ſtreet, to the Second Baptiſt Meeting-Houſe;—from thence, after the Oration, will form in Farewell-Street, and paſs down Poplar-Street, through Waſhington-Street, up Long-Wharf, to Waſhington-Square.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements,

SAMUEL VERNON, *jun. Chairman.*

Newport, June 27, 1806.

MASONIC.

The annual meeting of the GRAND LODGE OF FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS, of the State of Rhode-Iſland, &c. was held on Tueſday laſt, at MASONS' HALL in this town, when the following brethren were elected to the offices affixed to their names, viz.

M. W. MOSES SEIXAS, Grand-Maſter.
R. W. EPHRAIM BOWEN, D. G. Maſter.
R. W. JOHN CARLILE, Sen. G. Warden.
W. SYLVESTER CHILD jun. J. G. Warden.
R. W. AMOS M. ATWELL, S. G. D.
R. W. HEZEKIAH BABCOCK, jun. J. G. D.
W. JEREMIAH F. JENKINS, G. Treaſurer.
W. CALEB BOWERS, Grand Secretary.
W. STEPHEN CAHOONE, D. G. Secretary
W. WILLIAM CHURCH, Grand Marſhal.
W. THOMAS TILLEY, G. Sword Bearer.
R. W. ALEXANDER V. GRISWOLD, {Grand Chaplain.

Honorary Members:—

Brothers HENRY HUNTER, GEORGE BROWN, BENJAMIN BOURN, JOHN C. MAURAN, JOSEPH TILLINGHAST, JOHN DAVIS, PETER GRINNELL, SAMUEL SNOW.

After the inſtallation of the Grand Officers, the brethren, with the Reverend Clergy and a grand band of muſic, forming a ſplendid proceſſion, moved to Trinity Church, where an excellent and pertinent diſcourſe,

LATEST FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE,

By an arrival at New York from Liverpool. —London dates to May 8, 1806.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, MAY 6, 1806.

IN the House of Lords the 6th of May, on the second reading of the American and West-India trade bill, Lord Sheffield moved to discharge the order for the 2d reading of the bill, with the view of postponing it, in order to give time for the consideration of the subject, as numerous petitions would be presented against it. Lord Grenville moved that the bill be read a second time; which excited considerable debate. The Earl of Lauderdale, the Lord Chancellor, Earl of Caernarvon, Duke of Clarence, Lord Holland, Lord Auckland and Lord Grenville, supported the reading, and the Duke of Montrose, Earl Camden, Lord Hawksbury, and Lord Elden opposed it. The bill was however read a second time, and committed for Thursday the 8th May.

From the LONDON GAZETTE of May 6.

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(Signed) J. B. WARREN.

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Wounded dangerously—1 officer and 14 seamen.

Ditto slightly—1 do and 4 do.

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Killed on board H. M. S. Amazon—Mr. Richard Seymour, First Lieutenant; Edward Prior, Lieut. of the Royal Marines; Wm. Gundy, A. B.; George Royal, private Marine.

Wounded—1 Quarter Master; 1 corporal and 3 seamen.

(Signed) WM. PARKER.

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LONDON, May 5.

The Paris Papers acknowledge the report of the evacuation of the mouths of the Cataro to be premature; and state the return of Prince Murat frow the Dutchies of Berg and Cleves, and the arrival of the Batavian Commissioners, appointed by the Chief Magistrate of that Republic to repair to the Court of France.

Admiral Stirling has left the Channel in quest of the French squadron. His force consists of the Glory, of 98 guns; Barfleur, of 98 guns; Mars, of 74 guns; Dragon, of 74 guns; Revenge, of 74 guns; Warrior, of 74 guns; Niobe, frigate, and a brig.

May 6.

The attendance at Lord Melville's trial was yesterday more numerous than on any of the preceding five days. This was supposed to be owing to the increased curiosity which was raised by the expected examination of Mr. Trotter. After Messrs. Olipant Standard, and A. Douglas had been examined, upon points of less moment, Mr. Trotter was called, and his examination continued from half past twelve till four.

This most important witness was examined, in the first instance, by Mr. Whitbread, and cross-examined by Mr. Plumer. At the close of his cross-examination, Mr. Whitbread declared his intention to re-examine him; but it being understood that the re-examination would occupy some time, the Court adjourned till Wednesday.

A letter from Bombay, dated December 11th, contains a very satisfactory account of the distribution of our naval force in the Indian seas.

Sir Edward Pellew guards the Malabar and Coromandel coasts and the Gulphs adjacent, with 6 ships and 5 frigates.

Sir Thomas Trowbridge has the Eastward station, with 3 ships and 7 frigates.

As it is also deemed very probable that Sir Home Popham has, by this time, added a part of the force which he had at the Cape to one of the above divisions, we are so far from feeling any uneasiness at the possible arrival of French squadrons in those seas, that we anticipate the certainty of their meeting the same fate which awaited their countrymen in the Bay of St. Domingo.

May 8.

The King of Sweden, in consequence of hostilities having been commenced against his troops by Prussia, has ordered an embargo on all Prussian vessels in his ports. The Swedish troops are evacuating Lunenberg, and retiring to Swedish Pomerania, which it is supposed the Prussians will immediately invade.

The present policy by which the Prussian government are influenced, has excited the greatest dissatisfaction, which is no where attempted to be disguised, and which the military are by no means active in repressing. Haugwitz is never mentioned without the deepest execration, whilst Hardenberg is universally beloved and respected. The windows of the house inhabited by the former have been broken, whilst garlands of flowers have been affixed to the house lately possessed by the latter. In the midst of this popular ferment, the distresses of the merchants are increasing daily, and a deputation has lately been sent to the King at Potsdam, to lay before him the calamitous situation of their affairs.

There was a report yesterday that count Haugwitz was to be sent to England, to endeavour to adjust the differences between the two governments. A man more unlikely to succeed in such a mission could not easily have been selected. We do not believe the report.

On the question for the House to resolve itself into a committee on the bill for repealing the additional defence act, a debate of considerable length took place in the House of Commons last night. Mr. Fox delivered a decisive opinion in favour of the new military plan, but no information was afforded with respect to the period when the legislative measures necessary to carry it into effect will be brought forward.—We still think that they will not be brought forward this session.

The blockade of the Elbe and Weser continues.

The resignation (*alias* deposition) of His Holiness Pius VII. is daily expected at Rome.—And the election of Cardinal Fesch (one of Bonaparte's uncles) was certain.—He was to reside at Avignon, that the Estates of the Church might be added to one of the Federative Estates of the French Empire.

Sir R. Strachan has returned from his cruize, and has rejoined the Channel fleet.—During the whole of his long cruize he never saw a ship of the enemies; either French, Spaniard, or Dutchman.

Stocks this day at eleven.—3 per Cent. Cons. 60 1-8 1-4 for money—3 per Cent. Red. 59 1-8 1-2—Omnium 2 1-4 1 2 prem.

SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, APRIL 21.

By the last accounts from Germany we learn that Gen. Kalkreuth, who commands the Prussian troops destined to act against Swedish Pomerania (and who had halted, has received fresh orders to march; but private letters from Berlin give reason to believe that matters between the two countries will be accommodated.

SWEDISH BULLETIN.

Head-Quarters of the Swedish Army of Griefswald, April 26.

Reports received on the 23d from Adjutant Gen. Count Von Lowenheilm, announced that the Prussians had on the 21st taken possession of several villages in the Mecklenburg territory, along the frontiers of Lauenburgh.

At Marienstart their Vedettes approached to within 300 paces of the Swedish out-posts.—Count Lowenheilm's principal force was then at Grosszecher and Skekoff.—The Swedish van-guard retained possession of Marienstart, Snphienthal, the bridge at Becben, and the approaches to Louenburgh and Attlenburgh.

Yesterday Baron Glafs Ralame arrived as a courier with a report from Count Von Lowenheilm dated Gadebusch, April 23.—It is stated in this dispatch, that at half past eight in the morning of the 23d, the Prussians passed the Louenburgh frontiers at Marienstatt in such force that the Swedish troops found it necessary, after a brave resistance, to evacuate their posts in the evening. The loss of the troops under Count Von Lowenheilm, consists of one hussar killed, and eight wounded.

The loss of the Prussians cannot yet be stated with certainty, but during the action it was remarked that some men fell on their side, besides Count Von Lowenhielm, has reserved the communication of farther details (which with respect to the conduct of the Prussians will be very ample) until his next report, which is every moment expected.

In consequence of the hostilities thus commenced by the King of Prussia, his Swedish Majesty was pleased to issue orders yesterday for a general embargo on all Prussian ships in the Swedish harbours.

BY THE LAST MAILS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 16.

HIGHLY INTERESTING.

WE lately laid before our readers some extracts from a Pamphlet written in England, avowedly in defence of Neutral Rights, particularly as they regard the relations between England and the United States. Many enquiries and conjectures have been made as to the author of this work. Some have even intimated that it is the production of a pen under the influence of Mr. Monroe, our Minister at London; and of course are unwilling to admit that its doctrines and opinions can in any manner be considered as a criterion of the disposition and views of the new British Cabinet towards this country. We are extremely happy in being able to assure our readers and the American public generally, that the author of this interesting work is no less a person than Lord Holland, nephew of Mr. Fox, and that it has been issued in England with the view of preparing the public mind for the reception of certain liberal stipulations between that government and America, in which some important and advantageous principles will be conceded to us.

In our estimation of this article, we conceive it the most important intelligence that could be announced. Its authenticity is indisputable.

June 19.

The General Kirkland's letter.—Many are disposed to give credit to this production. The more we view it the more we are confirmed in the opinion of its being spurious. Now, it is well ascertained that Miranda's squadron did not leave the island of Aruba until after the 16th of April; and that letters from Curracoa, as late as the 16th of May, a month subsequent to their sailing, confidently state that his two schooners had been captured, and that the Leander had retired from the coast. Unless the date of the letter be incorrectly stated, this contradiction is complete. It is also rumoured that the Spanish Minister in this city, has actually received a list of the crews of the schooners captured.

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 23.

The Tunisian Ambassador arrived in town on Friday last. He has taken lodgings at the American Hotel, Greenwich-Street.

Advice is received by the ship Eugenia, (arrived at Philadelphia) that the British were preparing an expedition at the Cape of Good Hope, to be reinforced at St. Helena, and thence to proceed against the Spanish settlements on the River La Plata. Montevideo was supposed to be their first destination.

From our correspondent at Philadelphia we yesterday received all the Southern papers due by this morning's mail.

Amongst the arrivals at Philadelphia, is the brig Resolution, in 20 days from Laguira. Our correspondent informs us, that by the Resolution positive accounts are received of the capture of the two Schooners belonging to Miranda. Of three of the crew who jumped overboard, two were picked up by the Spaniards.—It was said that the Spanish brigs were left in pursuit of the Leander, and hopes were entertained of their coming up with and capturing her.—Rewards to a large amount were offered for Miranda dead or alive.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, JUNE 25.

MIRANDA's EXPEDITION.

We have accounts via Salem, from Laguira (about 150 miles to leeward of Cumana) to the 4th of June: when no tidings of Miranda's having landed on the Spanish main, had been received. There were various reports of his approach in circulation.—The capture of his schooners had been affirmed and contradicted. This intelligence invalidates many of the current reports.

Accounts from Antigua (via New-York) to the 3d inst. state, the arrival there of an express brig, with dispatches for Admiral Cochrane, informing of the arrival at Martinico, of a French squadron of four sail of the line, and six frigates. Not finding Admiral Cochrane at Antigua, the brig proceeded to Dominico.

The Cambrian frigate, Capt. Nairre, was spoken June 5, lat. 23, long. 28, bound to Porto-Rico, having heard there were four French frigates there.—Capt. Connel from St. Thomas's, informs, that the frigates were at Porto-Rico the beginning of June.

The Legislature was adjourned yesterday, to the first Wednesday of January next.—The Hon. Council is adjourned to August.

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1806.

FOURTH OF JULY.

The Committee appointed by the town, for the purpose of making arrangements to celebrate the Anniversary of American Independence, invite all those who are disposed to celebrate the day, to assemble at or near the State-House, at the ringing of the Bells at 9 o'clock, A. M.—Col. *JOSEPH BOSS* and Sheriff *DENNIS*, who are appointed Marshals for the day, will there form the procession, in the following order:——

Newport Guards.
3d Company of Militia.
Music and Standards.
Newport Independent Volunteers.
Newport Artillery.
Officers of Militia.
Military Officers of the United States.
Citizens and Strangers.
Mechanic Association.
Marine Society.
Officers of the Customs.
Town-Treasurer and Town-Clerk.
Town-Council, preceded by the Town-Sergeant.
Justices of the Peace.
Judges of the Courts.
Representatives to the General Assembly.
State Senators.
Members of Congress.
General-Treasurer.
His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.
Orator of the Day.
Clergy.
Committee of Arrangements.
Sheriff and Marshal.

The procession will move at half past nine o'clock, up the south side of Washington-Square, down Spring-Street, through Franklin-Street, up Thames-street, to the Second Baptist Meeting-House;—from thence, after the Oration, will form in Farewell-Street, and pass down Poplar-Street, through Washington-Street, up Long-Wharf, to Washington-Square.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements,

SAMUEL VERNON, *jun. Chairman.*

Newport, June 27, 1806.

MASONIC.

The annual meeting of the GRAND LODGE OF FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS, of the State of Rhode-Island, &c. was held on Tuesday last, at MASONS' HALL in this town, when the following brethren were elected to the offices affixed to their names, viz.

M. W. MOSES SEIXAS, Grand-Master.
R. W. EPHRAIM BOWEN, D. G. Master.
R. W. JOHN CARLILE, Sen. G. Warden.
W. SYLVESTER CHILD jun. J. G. Warden.
R. W. AMOS M. ATWELL, S. G. D.
R. W. HEZEKIAH BABCOCK, jun. J. G. D.
W. JEREMIAH F. JENKINS, G. Treasurer.
W. CALEB BOWERS, Grand Secretary.
W. STEPHEN CAHOONE, D. G. Secretary
W. WILLIAM CHURCH, Grand Marshal.
W. THOMAS TILLEY, G. Sword Bearer.
R. W. ALEXANDER V. GRISWOLD, [Grand Chaplain.

Honorary Members:—

Brothers HENRY HUNTER, GEORGE BROWN, BENJAMIN BOURN, JOHN C. MAURAN, JOSEPH TILLINGHAST, JOHN DAVIS, PETER GRINNELL, SAMUEL SNOW.

After the installation of the Grand Officers, the brethren, with the Reverend Clergy and a grand band of music, forming a splendid procession, moved to Trinity Church, where an excellent and pertinent discourse,

was delivered by the R. W. and Rev. Brother GRISWOLD, to a numerous audience. The solemnities of the Church being finished, the procession proceeded to the State-House, and there partook of a sumptuous dinner provided for the occasion, after which, the Fraternity repaired to Masons' Hall, and closed the business of the day.

The following Toasts were given:

1. The United States of America.—We wish them a continuance of Peace, Freedom, and Happiness.

2. The State of Rhode-Island.—Unity in her councils, justice in her laws, and equity in her courts.

3. Mount-Vernon.—Sacred may it retain the ashes of a Hero, a Statesman, and a beloved Brother.

4. Religion.—The bright link that connects us with our Maker: may it never be sullied by hypocrisy, rusted by fanaticism, or broken by infidelity.

5. Justice.—Impartial as the Sun that shines on the good, and on the evil.

6. Equity.—The best bond of union; let us do as we would be done by.

7. Charity.—What we profess: cherish it, "it never fails."

8. Agriculture.—The foster nurse of Commerce, the sinews of our yeomanry, and the support of us all.

9. Commerce the chain that binds all nations.—May it be conducted by probity, supported by energy, and its links will be adamantine.

20. Arts and Sciences.—Their rays which arose in the east have enlightened us in the west, may we cherish such valuable companions.

11. Education.—The support of virtue; may our seminaries be conducted on liberal principles, our professors be men of morality and learning, and then our children will be, what we wish them.

12. Our Sisters.—May we cherish them as Adam did our first mother, but may they never eat of the forbidden apple.

13. Masonry.—May its principles of Faith, Hope and Charity, pervade the Universe.

14. Our Sister Lodges throughout the Globe.—Neatness in their designs, solidity in their work, and integrity in their expenditures.

15. The Day.—May it ever be spent in harmony and temperate hilarity.

QUEEN OF NAPLES.

The critical situation of the royal family at Naples, may probably render the following article from Kotzebue's Travels, in 1804, acceptable to many of our readers.*

"I arrived at Naples, with strong prepossessions against the Queen, partly derived from books, and partly from verbal information: I left that city convinced of her amiable manners and disposition. I admit that, in these difficult times, she has not always conducted the helm with a steady hand; that she often adopted measures which she was obliged to retract, as well as others from which it was not in her power to recede; but may not the same be said of almost every prince in Europe? Extraordinary circumstances require extraordinary measures. He with whom they succeed is denominated great; but those who are unsuccessful sink in the estimation of mankind. I am certain that the Queen always acted for the best; but when the road to it is enveloped in the thickest mist, the instinct of a Frederick is required to find it. The Queen is a most tender and affectionate mother to her children; this maternal heart is likewise a royal heart; nothing but the worst usage is capable of hardening it against the people, or of blunting its sensibility. 'To make the people happy (said she to me) we are often obliged, tho' against our inclination, to act the despot; and if we do we are not beloved.' I expressed my opinion that this was not always the case, and as example I mentioned Maria Theresa.—'Oh! replied she, my mother was nevertheless unhappy towards the conclusion of her life, for the ungrateful people universally wished her death; and why? on account of a paltry impost.' Of the illusion of royalty, she speaks with an amiable candour and sincerity, which excite irresistible prepossession in her favour. She wished for the period when general tranquility shall allow her to resign the burden of public affairs, and to withdraw with her husband into solitude.—'Then,' said she, 'then it will be seen who was attached to Maria Caroline, and who merely paid their court to the Queen.' Assuredly those who have the happiness to be near to her, and to hear her often speak in this manner, must be attached to her.—'The highest felicity on earth is the happiness of being a mother.' said she to my wife, who expected shortly to enjoy it—'I have had seventeen living children; they were my only joy. Nature made me a mother; the queen is only a gala dress which I put off and on." At these words she took her dress betwen her fingers, and loosed it again with an air of contempt. 'He who possesses an independence,' said she, with emphasis that was not affected, is far more happy than the prince upon the throne.' It would be improper to repeat all that she said concerning the present times, the Jesuits, &c. All, however, manifested an enlightened mind, and a heart filled, indeed, with acrimony, but excellent at the bottom. She is accused of falsehood and of artifice, but I really doubt whether it is possible so grosely to deceive one whose employment has for thirty years been the observation of mankind. What she said to me, she both thought and felt; nobody shall ever persuade me of the contrary."

* *These very interesting and highly entertaining travels, are for sale at the office of the Newport Mercury.*

"*Commerce protected!*"—Mercantile adventurers are apprized of a new danger; the danger of being rescued from the hands of a privateer, by a public armed vessel of our government. The American schooner Felicity, of and for New-Orleans, from Campeachy, was boarded at the mouth of the river from a British privateer, and threatened to be sent to New-Providence. The schooner and cargo being incontestibly neutral, no risk was apprehended from her being sent in. A revenue cutter happened to be coming out of the river, and exchanged a few harmless shot with the privateer, when the latter bore away, and left the Felicity. The owner, as a mark of gratitude, gave presents to the cutter's crew and thanks to the officers—received his schooner, disposed of her cargo, and sent her upon another voyage—on her return, some months after she was libelled and seized at the suit of the officers and crew of the cutter; and the Judge (Hall) of the United States for the district of New-Orleans, gave judgment in their favor, for salvage, in the sum of 1757 dlls. the *tenth* part of the value of said sch. and cargo! The owner of the schooner recommends the following words to be inserted in policies of insurance: "And we do insure the said vessel and cargo against the *protection* of the public armed vessels of our Government."

A Charleston paper of May 21, says—"The sale of the Marquis of Lansdown's collection of Paintings, took place in London in March last.—They brought upwards of £9 000. A portrait of Washington by Stewart, was sold for five hundred and fifteen guineas.

Fourth of July.—The approaching anniversary of what should ever be deemed our *Nation's Grand Jubilee* will be commemorated in this town with unusual festivity.

There are various and contradictory accounts of Miranda's expedition, in circulation; on which very little dependence can be placed. We believe the letter said to be from Gen. Kirkland, is a forgery.

The Massachusetts Legislature has passed a law granting *permanent salaries* to the Judges of the Supreme Court of that State. The Chief Justice's salary is fixed at 2500 Dollars that of the Associate Judges at 2400 each.

The New-Hampshire Legislature met at Hopkinton the 1st inst. John Langdon, Esq. it appeared, on counting the votes, is re-elected Governor of the State, by a large majority.—Clement Storer, Esq. was chosen President of the Senate; and Samuel Bell, Esq, Speaker of the House.

Maurice Rogers, Esq. has been appointed by the President of the United States, American Consul at St. Jago de Cuba.

Mr. Ezekiel Powers, of Croydon (N. H.) during the last season made upwards of *fifteen hundred pounds* of Maple Sugar. His two sons gathered sap sufficient for seven hundred and thirty pounds, and made it into sugar, in eight days and a half.

Tornado.—On Tuesday last a violent Tornado passed across the South-end of this Island, which entirely unroofed a large two-story dwelling-house, and threw down three stacks of its chimneys, part of the bricks of which falling upon the top of the house, made their way through every floor into the cellar.—It is remarkable, that there were not less than eleven persons in the house, and not one of them hurt.—We do not learn that it did any other material damage, except tearing up by the roots fourteen large apple-trees, in an orchard near the house.—We understand that the house and trees were the property of Mrs. Lucy Channing of Boston, and formerly of this town.

Rep ublican.

☞ *We are requested to mention, that the Rev. John Murray, will preach at the State-House to-morrow, at the usual time of divine service.*

DIED.—At Colyton, England, on the 27th of February last, Mrs. *Elizabeth Bours* relict of Samuel Bours, Esq. late of this town, aged 75.

—At Westerly, in this State, Col. *James Rhodes*, a respectable inhabitant of that town, in the 76th year of his age.

—On the 16th inst. at Holles, N. H. Capt. *William Tenney*, aged 55 years.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, June 27.

ENTERED,	From
Snow Rising-Sun, Tanner,	Havanna
Sloop Huntress, Earl,	New-York
CLEARED,	For
Schooner Portsmouth, Chace,	Madeira

NEW AND INTERESTING PUBLICATIONS.

JUST RECEIVED,

From New-York, and for Sale, at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, No. 1, Long Wharf,

THE LIFE AND NAVAL EXPLOITS OF ADMIRAL LORD NELSON,

With Observations Critical and Explanatory.

By JOHN CHARNOCK, F. S. A.

Author of Biographia Navalis, and the History of Marine Architecture, &c. (published in London in March last, and just re-republished in New-York) one volume octavo, containing 350 pages, and ornamented with a correct and finely engraved Likeness of Lord NELSON.

THE present is the first Biography of this celebrated character, which can be considered in any other light than that of a faint general outline. These memoirs gratify the various expectations of Curiosity by a detail of various interesting particulars hitherto unknown. The author was intimately acquainted with the hero of the Nile, whose character we more admire the more closely we inspect it. Unlike the generality of great men, who appear to most advantage at a distance, he rises in our estimation in proportion to the nearness of approach. His public services were rivalled by his private virtues—both his services and his virtues derived new lustre from his dignified and uncommon modesty.

The Biography of this extraordinary man—a man such as the world can seldom boast, must be productive of the highest interest to those who glow with enthusiasm at the recital of heroic actions—and will be the constant companion of those seamen who aspire to glory and eminence in their profession.

COURT OF ST. CLOUD.

Just Received from Philadelphia, and for Sale as above,

The Secret History of the COURT and CABINET of ST CLOUD, in a series of Letters from a resident in Paris, to a Nobleman in London, written during the months of August, September and October, 1805. An immense number of this work has been sold in London since its publication in February last, and will prove highly interesting and eminently useful to all those who peruse it in America. The publisher could have wished to suppress many paragraphs which appeared illiberal, but this would be an act of injustice to the American reader, besides the good sense of the citizens of the United States, rendered it unnecessary, they will doubtless be anxious to peruse the production entire and original, which in England is considered one of the most interesting, that has ever appeared. The author appears to be on an intimate footing at the Thuilleries, many of his observations will serve to corroborate the sentiments expressed by the Hon. *John Randolph*, (on Mr. Gregg's Resolutions) in regard to our differences with Spain, and the light in which the United States are viewed by the Emperor Napoleon. The anxiety expressed by the gentlemen in Philadelphia, for the immediate appearance of this volume caused it to be put into the hands of several Printers, who completed it in 15 days.

Just Received,

And for Sale as above,

A superb set of the Works of Sir WILLIAM JONES, including the whole of his Asiatic Researches, embellished with a great number of elegant engravings—8 vols. large quarto, elegantly bound, calf, gilt, price 110 Dollars.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY

SMITH & WARDWELL,

Of Dighton,

A NEW HULL of a Ship, of about 190 Tons burthen, with two decks.—Also a Brig of about 143 Tons burthen.—For terms, which will be liberal, apply to Messrs. *Bowen* & *Ennis*, merchants, Newport, or to the subscribers at Dighton.

SMITH & WARDWELL.

June 27, 1806.

THE Stockholders of the Newport Insurance Company are hereby notified, that a general meeting of the Corporation will be holden at their office, in Newport, on Friday the 11th day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the morning; for taking into consideration the general state of the affairs of the Company.

By order of the President & Directors.

J. DENISON, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, June 25, 1806

TO BE LET,

THE large, new, well-finished Store NO. 141, Thames-street, at the corner of Mary-street, by the subscriber.—Who has on hand, at the sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE, and will dispose of, Wholesale or Retail, at the most reduced prices for cash, a general assortment of staple and fashionable GOODS—thanks his friends and old customers for past favors, and flatters himself with a continuance.

J. BOURS.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

JAMES PERRY

HAS FOR SALE,

ONE Hundred Hogsheads of good Retailing Molasses.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGRO Wench, who is capable of all Kinds of Family Business.—Enquire at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

June 27, 1806.

"SEMPER REFULGET."

NOW PUBLISHING,

BY

BELCHER & ARMSTRONG,

No. 70, State Street—Boston (Mas.)

THE EMERALD,

A LITERARY PAPER,

Will be issued every Saturday, consisting of twelve Octavo pages, printed on fine paper, with a new type.

Price Three Dolls. per annum—Payable one in advance.

TO THE PUBLIC.

FOR the *BOSTON MAGAZINE*, the Publishers have thought it expedient to substitute "*THE EMERALD.*" On a name adopted merely for distinction, no remark need be hazarded; yet, if any should inquire the cause of the alteration, it will be found in the converse of that well-known proposition, that "there is much virtue in a name."—With the spirit of the *past*, they will endeavour to "infuse a portion of new life into the constitution" of the *present* work.—The Proprietors have assurance that *THE EMERALD* shall be polished by the labors of the learned, and occasionally glitter with the gaiety of wit, and they trust it will be found worthy to shine, as one among the gems, which sparkle in the *regalia* of modern literature.

☞ *SUBSCRIPTIONS* received at the office of the Newport Mercury, where may be seen a specimen of the work.

June 27, 1806.

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately,

A CONVENIENT Tan-Yard, Bark-House, and Currier's Shop, with a set of Tools.—Apply to

WALTER CORNELL,

NO. 106, Thames-street.

Newport, 27th of the 6th Mon. 1806.

A YOUNG MAN

WHO writes a plain hand, has a knowledge of the mercantile business and accounts, would engage for a small salary, in any respectable employment.—Enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury. *Newport, June 23, 1806.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, having been appointed administratrix of the estate of her late husband, *Pardon Shearman*, late of Newport deceased, and having given bonds accordingly, notifies all those that have any demands upon said estate, to present the same for settlement; and those that are indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

LYDIA SHEARMAN, *Adm'x.*

Newport, June 27, 1806.

A NEW STORE.

SALLY M. SMITH & CO.

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT they have opened a new and fashionable assortment of English, India, and French GOODS—in the store lately improved by Mr. *Stephen T. Northam*, NO. 102, Thames-street.—The Goods were purchased for cash, and will be sold at a very small advance—They flatter themselves that the prices and qualities of their Goods, together with the attendance given, will excite public attention, and merit their favours.

Newport, May 16, 1806.

CHRISTOPHER RHODES

HAS FOR SALE,

No. 104, Thames-street, directly opposite the store formerly occupied by Rhodes and Hammond, at Wholesale and Retail,

JAMAICA RUM
Windward-Island do.
Holland Gin, Brandy
Sherry and Malaga WINES
Best Retailing Molasses
Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugars
Coffee, Superfine Flour
Snuff, Soap
Rice by the cask.

Newport, May 9, 1806.

THE Subscriber hereby informs the public, that he is legally appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Guardian of the person and estate of *Edmund Barber*, of said Newport Truckman, who is by the said Court adjudged to be a person incapable of taking care of himself and property.—The subscriber therefore warns all persons against trading or dealing with the said *Edmund Barber*, in any manner whatsoever, at their peril.

JOHN CAHOONE.

Newport, June 2, 1806.

THE Creditors of *John Bours*, jun. of Newport, in the county of Newport merchant, are hereby notified to appear, if they see fit, at the General Assembly, to be holden at Providence on the second Monday of October next; to shew cause, if any they have why the prayer of his petition, for the benefit of the act made and passed, A. D. 1756, for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, should not be granted.

THO. PECKHAM, *Dep. Sec'ry.*

Newport, June 26, 1806.

was delivered by the R. W. and Rev. Brother GRISWOLD, to a numerous audience. The solemnities of the Church being finished, the procession proceeded to the State-House, and there partook of a sumptuous dinner provided for the occasion, after which, the Fraternity repaired to Masons' Hall, and closed the business of the day.

The following Toasts were given:

1. The United States of America.—We wish them a continuance of Peace, Freedom, and Happiness.

2. The State of Rhode-Island.—Unity in her councils, justice in her laws, and equity in her courts.

3. Mount-Vernon.—Sacred may it retain the ashes of a Hero, a Statesman, and a beloved Brother.

4. Religion.—The bright link that connects us with our Maker; may it never be sullied by hypocrisy, rusted by fanaticism, or broken by infidelity.

5. Justice.—Impartial as the Sun that shines on the good, and on the evil.

6. Equity.—The best bond of union; let us do as we would be done by.

7. Charity.—What we profess: cherish it, "it never fails."

8. Agriculture.—The foster nurse of Commerce, the sinews of our yeomanry, and the support of us all.

9. Commerce the chain that binds all nations.—May it be conducted by probity, supported by energy, and its links will be adamantine.

20. Arts and Sciences.—Their rays which arose in the east have enlightened us in the west, may we cherish such valuable companions.

11. Education.—The support of virtue; may our seminaries be conducted on liberal principles, our professors be men of morality and learning, and then our children will be, what we wish them.

12. Our Sisters.—May we cherish them as Adam did our first mother, but may they never eat of the forbidden apple.

13. Masonry.—May its principles of Faith, Hope and Charity, pervade the Universe.

14. Our Sister Lodges throughout the Globe.—Neatness in their designs, solidity in their work, and integrity in their expenditures.

15. The Day.—May it ever be spent in harmony and temperate hilarity.

QUEEN OF NAPLES.

The critical situation of the royal family at Naples, may probably render the following article from Kotzebue's Travels, in 1804, acceptable to many of our readers.*

"I arrived at Naples, with strong prepossessions against the Queen, partly derived from books, and partly from verbal information: I left that city convinced of her amiable manners and disposition. I admit that, in these difficult times, she has not always conducted the helm with a steady hand; that she often adopted measures which she was obliged to retract, as well as others from which it was not in her power to recede; but may not the same be said of almost every prince in Europe? Extraordinary circumstances require extraordinary measures. He with whom they succeed is denominated great; but those who are unsuccessful sink in the estimation of mankind. I am certain that the Queen always acted for the best; but when the road to it is enveloped in the thickest mist, the instinct of a Frederick is required to find it. The Queen is a most tender and affectionate mother to her children; this maternal heart is likewise a royal heart; nothing but the worst usage is capable of hardening it against the people, or of blunting its sensibility. 'To make the people happy (said she to me) we are often obliged, tho' against our inclination, to act the despot; and if we do we are not beloved.' I expressed my opinion that this was not always the case, and as example I mentioned Maria Theresa.—'Oh! replied she, my mother was nevertheless unhappy towards the conclusion of her life, for the ungrateful people universally wished her death; and why? on account of a paltry impost.' Of the illusion of royalty, she speaks with an amiable candour and sincerity, which excite irresistible prepossession in her favour. She wished for the period when general tranquility shall allow her to resign the burden of public affairs, and to withdraw with her husband into solitude.—'Then,' said she, 'then it will be seen who was attached to Maria Caroline, and who merely paid their court to the Queen.' Assuredly those who have the happiness to be near to her, and to hear her often speak in this manner, must be attached to her.—'The highest felicity on earth is the happiness of being a mother.' said she to my wife, who expected shortly to enjoy it—'I have had seventeen living children; they were my only joy. Nature made me a mother; the queen is only a gala dress which I put off and on." At these words she took her dress betwen her fingers, and loosed it again with an air of contempt. 'He who possesses an independence,' said she, with emphasis that was not affected, is far more happy than the prince upon the throne.' It would be improper to repeat all that she said concerning the present times, the Jesuits, &c. All, however, manifested an enlightened mind, and a heart filled, indeed, with acrimony, but excellent at the bottom. She is accused of falsehood and of artifice, but I really doubt whether it is possible so grosly to deceive one whose employment has for thirty years been the observation of mankind. What she said to me, she both thought and felt; nobody shall ever persuade me of the contrary."

* *These very interesting and highly entertaining travels, are for sale at the office of the Newport Mercury.*

"*Commerce protected!*"—Mercantile adventurers are apprized of a new danger; the danger of being rescued from the hands of a privateer, by a public armed vessel of our government. The American schooner Felicity, of and for New-Orleans, from Campeachy, was boarded at the mouth of the river from a British privateer, and threatened to be sent to New-Providence. The schooner and cargo being incontestibly neutral, no risk was apprehended from her being sent in. A revenue cutter happened to be coming out of the river, and exchanged a few harmless shot with the privateer, when the latter bore away, and left the Felicity. The owner, as a mark of gratitude, gave presents to the cutter's crew and thanks to the officers—received his schooner, disposed of her cargo, and sent her upon another voyage—on her return, some months after she was libelled and seized at the suit of the officers and crew of the cutter; and the Judge (Hall) of the United States for the district of New-Orleans, gave judgment in their favor, for salvage, in the sum of 1757 dlls. the *tenth* part of the value of said sch. and cargo! The owner of the schooner recommends the following words to be inserted in policies of insurance: "And we do insure the said vessel and cargo against the *protection* of the public armed vessels of our Government."

A Charleston paper of May 21, says—"The sale of the Marquis of Lansdown's collection of Paintings, took place in London in March last.—They brought upwards of £9 000. A portrait of Washington by Stewart, was sold for five hundred and fifteen guineas.

Fourth of July.—The approaching anniversary of what should ever be deemed our *Nation's Grand Jubilee*, will be commemorated in this town with unusual festivity.

There are various and contradictory accounts of Miranda's expedition, in circulation; on which very little dependence can be placed. We believe the letter said to be from Gen. Kirkland, is a forgery.

The Massachusetts Legislature has passed a law granting *permanent salaries* to the Judges of the Supreme Court of that State. The Chief Justice's salary is fixed at 2500 Dollars that of the Associate Judges at 2400 each.

The New-Hampshire Legislature met at Hopkinton the 1st inst. John Langdon, Esq. it appeared, on counting the votes, is re-elected Governor of the State, by a large majority.—Clement Storer, Esq. was chosen President of the Senate; and Samuel Bell, Esq, Speaker of the House.

Maurice Rogers, Esq. has been appointed by the President of the United States, American Consul at St. Jago de Cuba.

Mr. Ezekiel Powers, of Croydon (N. H.) during the last season made upwards of *fifteen hundred pounds* of Maple Sugar. His two sons gathered sap sufficient for seven hundred and thirty pounds, and made it into sugar, in eight days and a half.

Tornado.—On Tuesday last a violent Tornado passed across the South-end of this Island, which entirely unroofed a large two-story dwelling-house, and threw down three stacks of its chimneys, part of the bricks of which falling upon the top of the house, made their way through every floor into the cellar.—It is remarkable, that there were not less than eleven persons in the house, and not one of them hurt.—We do not learn that it did any other material damage, except tearing up by the roots fourteen large apple-trees, in an orchard near the house.—We understand that the house and trees were the property of Mrs. Lucy Channing of Boston, and formerly of this town.

Republican.

☞ *We are requested to mention, that the Rev. John Murray, will preach at the State-House to-morrow, at the usual time of divine service.*

DIED.—At Colyton, England, on the 27th of February last, Mrs. *Elizabeth Bours* relict of Samuel Bours, Esq. late of this town, aged 75.

—At Westerly, in this State, Col. *James Rhodes*, a respectable inhabitant of that town, in the 76th year of his age.

—On the 16th inst. at Hollis, N. H. Capt. *Willliam Tenney*, aged 55 years.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, June 27.

ENTERED,	From
Snow Rising-Sun, Tanner,	Havanna
Sloop Huntress, Earl,	New-York
CLEARED,	For
Schooner Portsmouth, Chace,	Madeira

NEW AND INTERESTING PUBLICATIONS.

JUST RECEIVED,

From New-York, and for Sale, at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, No. 1, Long Wharf,

THE LIFE AND NAVAL EXPLOITS OF ADMIRAL LORD NELSON,

With Observations Critical and Explanatory.

By JOHN CHARNOCK, F. S. A.

Author of Biographia Navalis, and the History of Marine Architecture, &c. (published in London in March last, and just re-republished in New-York) one volume octavo, containing 350 pages, and ornamented with a correct and finely engraved Likeness of Lord NELSON.

THE present is the first Biography of this celebrated character, which can be considered in any other light than that of a faint general outline. These memoirs gratify the various expectations of Curiosity by a detail of various interesting particulars hitherto unknown. The author was intimately acquainted with the hero of the Nile, whose character we more admire the more closely we inspect it. Unlike the generality of great men, who appear to most advantage at a distance, he rises in our estimation in proportion to the nearness of approach. His public services were rivalled by his private virtues—both his services and his virtues derived new lustre from his dignified and uncommon modesty.

The Biography of this extraordinary man—a man such as the world can seldom boast, must be productive of the highest interest to those who glow with enthusiasm at the recital of heroic actions—and will be the constant companion of those seamen who aspire to glory and eminence in their profession.

COURT OF ST. CLOUD.

Just Received from Philadelphia, and for Sale as above,

The Secret History of the COURT and CABINET of ST. CLOUD, in a series of Letters from a resident in Paris, to a Nobleman in London, written during the months of August, September and October, 1805. An immense number of this work has been sold in London since its publication in February last, and will prove highly interesting and eminently useful to all those who peruse it in America. The publisher could have wished to suppress many paragraphs which appeared illiberal, but this would be an act of injustice to the American reader, besides the good sense of the citizens of the United States, rendered it unnecessary, they will doubtless be anxious to peruse the production entire and original, which in England is considered one of the most interesting, that has ever appeared. The author appears to be on an intimate footing at the Thuilleries, many of his observations will serve to corroborate the sentiments expressed by the Hon. *John Randolph*, (on Mr. Gregg's Resolutions) in regard to our differences with Spain, and the light in which the United States are viewed by the Emperor Napoleon. The anxiety expressed by the gentlemen in Philadelphia, for the immediate appearance of this volume, caused it to be put into the hands of several Printers, who completed it in 15 days.

Just Received,

And for Sale as above,

A superb set of the Works of Sir WILLIAM JONES, including the whole of his Asiatic Researches, embellished with a great number of elegant engravings—8 vols. large quarto, elegantly bound, calf, gilt, price 110 Dollars.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY

SMITH & WARDWELL,

Of Dighton,

A NEW HULL of a Ship, of about 190 Tons burthen, with two decks.—Also a Brig of about 143 Tons burthen.—For terms, which will be liberal, apply to Messrs. *Bowen & Ennis*, merchants, Newport, or to the subscribers at Dighton.

SMITH & WARDWELL.

June 27, 1806.

THE Stockholders of the Newport Insurance Company are hereby notified, that a general meeting of the Corporation will be holden at their office, in Newport, on Friday the 11th day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the morning; for taking into consideration the general state of the affairs of the Company.

By order of the President & Directors.

J. DENISON, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, June 25, 1806

TO BE LET,

THE large, new, well-finished Store NO. 141, Thames-street, at the corner of Mary-street, by the subscriber.—Who has on hand, at the sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE, and will dispose of, Wholesale or Retail, at the most reduced prices for cash, a general assortment of staple and fashionable GOODS—thanks his friends and old customers for past favors, and flatters himself with a continuance.

J. BOURS.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

JAMES PERRY

HAS FOR SALE,

ONE Hundred Hogsheads of good Retailing Molasses.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGRO Wench, who is capable of all Kinds of Family Business.—Enquire at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

June 27, 1806.

"SEMPER REFULGET."

NOW PUBLISHING,

BY

BELCHER & ARMSTRONG,

No. 70, State Street—Boston (Mas.)

THE EMERALD,

A LITERARY PAPER,

Will be issued every Saturday, consisting of twelve Octavo pages, printed on fine paper, with a new type.

Price Three Dolls. per annum—Payable one in advance.

TO THE PUBLIC.

FOR the *BOSTON MAGAZINE*, the Publishers have thought it expedient to substitute "*THE EMERALD.*" On a name adopted merely for distinction, no remark need be hazarded; yet, if any should inquire the cause of the alteration, it will be found in the converse of that well-known proposition, that "there is much virtue in a name."—With the spirit of the *past*, they will endeavour to "infuse a portion of new life into the constitution" of the *present* work.—The Proprietors have assurance that *THE EMERALD* shall be polished by the labors of the learned, and occasionally glitter with the gaiety of wit, and they trust it will be found worthy to shine, as one among the gems, which sparkle in the *regalia* of modern literature.

☞ *SUBSCRIPTIONS* received at the office of the Newport Mercury, where may be seen a specimen of the work.

June 27, 1806.

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately,

A CONVENIENT Tan-Yard, Bark-House, and Currier's Shop, with a sett of Tools.—Apply to

WALTER CORNELL,

NO. 106, Thames-street.

Newport, 27th of the 6th Mon. 1806.

A YOUNG MAN

WHO writes a plain hand, has a knowledge of the mercantile business and accounts, would engage for a small salary, in any respectable employment.—Enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury. *Newport, June 23, 1806.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, having been appointed administratrix of the estate of her late husband, *Pardon Shearman*, late of Newport deceased, and having given bonds accordingly, notifies all those that have any demands upon said estate, to present the same for settlement; and those that are indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

LYDIA SHEARMAN, *Adm'x.*

Newport, June 27, 1806.

A NEW STORE.

SALLY M. SMITH & CO.

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT they have opened a new and fashionable assortment of English, India, and French GOODS—in the store lately improved by Mr. *Stephen T. Northam*, NO. 102, Thames-street.—The Goods were purchased for cash, and will be sold at a very small advance—They flatter themselves that the prices and qualities of their Goods, together with the attendance given, will excite public attention, and merit their favours.

Newport, May 16, 1806.

CHRISTOPHER RHODES

HAS FOR SALE,

No. 104, Thames-street, directly opposite the store formerly occupied by Rhodes and Hammond, at Wholesale and Retail,

JAMAICA RUM
Windward-Island do.
Holland Gin, Brandy
Sherry and Malaga WINES
Best Retailing Molasses
Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugars
Coffee, Superfine Flour
Snuff, Soap
Rice by the cask.

Newport, May 9, 1806.

THE Subscriber hereby informs the public, that he is legally appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Guardian of the person and estate of *Edmund Barber*, of said Newport Truckman, who is by the said Court adjudged to be a person incapable of taking care of himself and property.—The subscriber therefore warns all persons against trading or dealing with the said *Edmund Barber*, in any manner whatsoever, at their peril.

JOHN CAHOONE.

Newport, June 2, 1806.

THE Creditors of *John Bours*, jun. of Newport, in the county of Newport merchant, are hereby notified to appear, if they see fit, at the General Assembly, to be holden at Providence on the second Monday of October next; to shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of his petition, for the benefit of the act made and passed, A. D. 1756, for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, should not be granted.

THO. PECKHAM, *Dep. Sec'y.*

Newport, June 26, 1806.

POETRY.

From the BOSTON MAGAZINE.

THE following lines were occasioned by observing in a late publication an account of the infanity of Mrs. RADCLIFFE, author of the Italian, Mysteries of Udolpho, Romance of the Forest, &c. &c.

THE WRECK OF REASON.

WOULD your imagination stray;
To scenes of horror make its way;
Would it from sorrow take its flight;
From scenes of pleasure, to affright;
Would it reluctant, slowly creep,
And o'er the *wreck of reason* weep;
—Hither come ye blithe and gay;
Come, and throw your mirth away.
Weeping beauty, hither hie,
And o'er the ruin breathe a sigh;
Come and see ye giddy vain,
A sadder sight than "*crazy Jane.*"

The tender heart, the lib'ral mind,
The soul by sentiment refin'd,
The modest mien, the graceful air,
Are gone and all its ruin there:
The matchless whole divinely grac'd,
Is chang'd into chaotic waste,
The timid mind, with terror fated,
Starts at the phantoms it created.

—See the *maniac's* ghastly stare!
See her loose, dishevelled hair!
See her widely rolling eyes,
Distorted form, and piercing cries!
See she trembles, writhes and groans,
And fills the air with piteous moans!
—O RADCLIFFE! this at last thy fate,
To sink to such a dreadful state!—
See she shudders, starts and raves
Of grinning ghosts and gaping graves,
Of antique arms, and haunted halls,
Of tott'ring turrets, mould'ring walls.
The fulgent cross, the monkish cowl,
The raven's flap, the boding owl,
The warning knell, the mystic roll,
With horror strike her frenzied soul.
The murky vault's terrific gloom,
The eclipses from the dismal tomb,
The quiv'ring pail, the crimson'd knife,
All gory with the blood of life.
The secret cell, the glimmering light,
The putrid corse, the flitting sprite,
The pendant chain, the magic chest
With terror fills her frantic breast.

No more she'll pen the fairy dream,
The awful, yet the pleasing theme;
No more pourtray, with watchless art,
To frighten, yet delight the heart;
Genius in her has left the throne,
And madness now usurps alone.
Let frozen souls precise and nice,
Call her the native child of vice;
Let torpid spirits dry and stale,
Affect to startle and bewail;
A patent reason all may bring,
They in her *moral* find a *sting*—
E'en savage minds to feeling dead,
And icy hearts by *virtue led*,
When pitying death relieves her woe,
And lays the hapless victim low,
Might come and on the maniac's bier,
Shed pensive pity's softest tear.

BOWEN & ENNIS
Offer for Sale,
At their Store on Stevens's Wharf,

JAMAICA and Windward-Island Rum, by the hogshead or barrel
Molasses by do. do.
Holland Gin by pipe or barrel
Brown Sugar by hogshead, barrel or box
Loaf-Sugar
Coffee by the bag
French Brandy by the barrel
Superfine Flour by do.
Philadelphia and Swedes Iron, flat and square bars
Russia and Ravens Duck
Sewing Twine
Rice by the cask
Madeira Wine by the pipe, half pipe, or quarter-cask
Cabooses, Anchors, Ash Oars, Rosin, Tar and Turpentine
Cedar Shingles
White and black Oak hogshead Staves
About 700 bushels Bonavista Salt, and
A small assortment of Ship-Chandlery, and Groceries, at retail, as usual.
Newport, May 9, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY
CHARLES C. HOSKINS & CO.
At their STORE, No. 112 & 115, *Thames-Street,*

TWENTY Barrels of superfine and fine Flour.
Half Barrels Do.
7 Tons Hemp.
Russia and Ravens Duck.
Russia Sheeting.
Sheet Lead.
4 and 6 lb. Iron Shot.
Seine and sewing Twine.
Nails; Brads; and Tacks.
Bunting; red, white and blue.
Ship-Chandlery; Crockery and Glass Ware.

Also a general assortment of West-India Goods, Wholesale and Retail.

N B Just received and for sale as above, 9 pipes 4th and 2d proof Old Cognac Brandy; 10 [illegible] Bourdeaux Claret, of two dozen bottles each. For superior quality.
Newport, April 18, 1806.

FOR SALE,

A BRICK HOUSE, situated near the Rev. Mr. Tenney's Meeting-House, large enough for a middling Family, with the Garden fronting, and a Right in an excellent Well not far distant from the House, under which is a [illegible]. For terms apply to
WILLIAM ELLERY.
Newport, June 6, 1806.

HOUSE PAPER.

Just received, and for sale at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY,

A NEW Assortment of PAPER HANGINGS and BORDERS.—As cheap as ever.
Newport, May 23, 1806.

Will be Sold, at PUBLIC AUCTION,
On THURSDAY, the 3d Day of July next, on the Premises, at XI oClock, A. M. if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,

A HOUSE and Lot of Land, situated in Broad-street, No. 75, containing about 56 feet on Broad-street and 44 feet on Tanner-street.—Also a Stable and Lot 24 by 16 feet, in good repair.

JONATHAN WILLSON, jun.
Newport, June 13, 1806.

CHRISTOPHER RHODES
HAS FOR SALE,
No. 104, *Thames-street, directly opposite the store formerly occupied by Rhodes and Hammond, at Wholesale and Retail,*

JAMAICA RUM
Windward-Island do.
Holland Gin. Brandy
Sherry and Malaga WINES
Best Retailing Molasses
Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugars
Coffee, Superfine Flour
Snuff, Soap
Rice by the cask.
Newport, May 9, 1806.

WILLIAM MOORE, jun.
Respectfully informs the Public,

HE has taken his Brother, HENRY MOORE, into Co-Parrtnership with him.—The business will in future be conducted by them, under the firm of WM. & H. MOORE.—They have just opened for Sale, at store NO. 99, Thames-street, a large and valuable assortment of English, India, Scotch and French staple and Fancy GOODS.—Also at store NO. 5, Market-square, a great variety of Groceries, ship Chandlery, Glass, Crockery and Hard-Ware.—All which are now offered, Wholesale and Retail, at such reduced prices, that they flatter themselves will be to the entire satisfaction of all, who will please to honor them with their commands; and every favor will be gratefully acknowledged, by the public's obedient servants,
WM. and H. MOORE.
Newport, May 16. 1806.

ISAAC GOMEZ, jun.
No. 127 *Water-street, New-York,*
Begs leave to inform his friends, and the public of Newport and its vicinity,

THAT he has commenced business in the Commission Line; and takes the liberty of soliciting a share of their kind patronage: They may rest assured any property placed in his hands for sale, will be attended to with promptitude; as he is determined to pay every attention possible, to the concerns of those who may please to honor him with their attention.
New-York June 1 1806.

TO BE LET,
And immediate possession given,

THE Blacksmith's Shop and Tools, belonging to the subscriber, situated in Broad-street.—The Shop has as much custom as any Blacksmith's shop in Newport.—For further particulars apply to
NOAH WHITE.
Newport, June 6, 1806.

THE PEWS,

IN the Gallery of the Second Baptist Church in this town, are directed by the orporation, to be Let out.—Apply to
ELISHA GIBBS,
Clerk of said Corporation
Newport, June 6, 1806.

JOHN BAKER
HAS FOR SALE,

PIPES of Brandy.
Do. Gin.
St. Croix Rum per hogshead.
Sugar in barrels and boxes.
Molasses by the hogshead.
500 bushels of Turks-Island Salt.
Flour per barrel.
80 barrels of NO. 2 Beef.

PALMER & COE,
CABINET-MAKERS, No. 18, *Long-Wharf,*

Respectfully inform their friends and the public,

THAT they have on Hand, a variety of Cabinet-Furniture of the newest fashions, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.—They return their grateful acknowledgments to those who have been pleased to favour them with their custom, and solicit a continuance of their favours.
Newport, March 7, 1806.

GODFREY WENWOOD
HAS FOR SALE,
On the most reasonable Terms.

A QUANTITY of Ship and Cabin-Bread; Alexandria and New-York Flour, of the first quality; Molasses by the gallon; coarse and blown Salt by the bushel; Ginger and Pearl-Ash by retail.—Also Mystic Tyle by the dozen, and Philadelphia Bricks by the hundred.

Hops by the pound; Malt by the bushel or smaller quantity; Wheat Bran by the bushel; Coal by the bushel. *Newport, June* 6, 1806.

ALBERT W. GARDINER,
No. 108, Thames-Street,

Has just received an extensive assortment of

Staple and Fancy Goods:

AMONG WHICH ARE

An elegant assortment of latest fashion superfine and common Calicoes
Chintzes and Copper-plates
A large assortment of India Cottons and Irish Linens
Scotch and India Book-Muslins
Pequet, Leno, and Carronade Muslins, figured and plain
Rich laced and tamboured Muslins
Japan Ditto
Checked and plain Muslins
Ladies rich and common Veils
Laced and figured Handkerchiefs
Habit Do.
Figured Cap-Patterns
Lace Trimmings
Lace Net Muslins
Laced, figured, and plain Crapes, all colours
Figured Satins and Sarcenets
Rich ground Trimmings
Silk Gloves and Mitts
Ladies Armlets
Silver, cotton, and silk Cords, Buttons, &c.
Velvet Bindings
Elegant Necklaces
Plain and ornamented Combs
Rich and common Fans
Barcelona Handkerchiefs
Silk Shawls
Lace Cambricks
Do. tamboured Muslin Do.
Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs
Common and superfine Dimity
6-4 cambrick Dimity
4-4 and 6-4 cotton Cambricks figured
Checked and hair-corded Cambricks
Black Sattins
Florence Lutestrings
An elegant assortment of cotton, silk and thread Laces
Ladies and Gentlemen's cotton and silk Hose
Silk and cotton Umbrellas
An assortment of ladies Parasols
Black and coloured Cambricks
Cotton Ginghams
Yellow and blue Nankeens
Vestings
An elegant assortment of Kid Shoes, very low.

Also, Newest-Fashion London
Dress Hats and Bonnets;

CONSISTING OF

A few elegant white Imperial Chip Hats
Few do. figured Crape Dress Bonnets
Do. English Walking Bonnets
Do. elegant Primrose Bonnets, with wreaths
Do. Gipsey Willow Bonnets
Large English Cane and Willow Hats
Willow and figured Satin French Bonnets.

An elegant Assortment of
Artificial Flowers, Wreaths, &c.
Elegant Gilt PLUMES; White silk Buffoons
Shoe Rosetts; Newest-fashioned WIGS and FRESETTS. *Newport, May* 16, 1806.

NEW GOODS.

SOLOMON TOWNSEND & CO.
Inform their Friends and the Public, that they have just received a handsome supply of GOODS, *among which are,*

EXCELLENT Dutch black Cloth
Extra superfine English blue and black do.
Excellent blue and black and drab Cassimeres
A handsome assortment of summer Waistcoating
Very fine Linens and Long Lawns
Fine 3-4 and 4-4 flurting Cottons
Men's superfine cotton Hose
Men's black English silk do.
Men's lead-coloured silk Gloves
Parasols and Lutestrings
Umbrellas
Plain and striped cotton Cassimeres
White Jeans
Very fine white Flannels
Extra long white and coloured kid Gloves
Picnic Gloves and Mitts
Silk Sleeves
Fine 1 and 7-8 Diaper
Eight pieces ingrained floor and stair Carpeting
White, buff and pink
Barcelona Handkerchiefs
6-4 to 8-4 silk Shawls, plaid and damasked
Pink, buff, blue and white Ginghams
Silk and cotton Shambray Muslins
Lenoe, picquet, and laced Muslins
6-4 cambric Dimities
Ladies superfine white and black cotton Hose with clocks
Do. black, slate, white and flesh-coloured silk do.
Tiffany Fans
A few pieces of handsome furniture Dimity
Elegant furniture Chintz of twelve different patterns and colours
White and rich coloured chintz Fringe
White and rich Bed-Lace
Fine diaper Table-Cloths, 5-4 to 12-4
5-4 and 6-4 Diaper, suitable for Do.
Cane and Willow in sheets
White Crapes
Fine India Book-Muslins.

Newport, June 6, 1806.

Pork, Corn, Cheese, and Molasses.

TWELVE Barrels mess Pork: 500 bushels Virginia Corn: 500 wt. first quality Cheese 20 hogsheads best retailing Molasses, for sale by
CHRISTOPHER RHODES,
NO. 104, Thames-street.
Newport, May 30, 1806.

THE Subscriber having been duly appointed administrator on the estate of his Father, CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN, late of Newport, in the State of Rhode-Island, merchant, deceased, and having given bond according to law, for the faithful discharge of the trust thereby reposed in him, requests all persons who are indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and all those who have any demands against it, to exhibit them to him.
CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN, *Adm'r.*

BENJAMIN CHURCH
Offers for SALE,

HIS HOUSE, No. 100, in Thames-street, next door south of Mr. Stephen T. Northam's, an excellent stand for business, and in good repair.—He would further inform the public, That he has on hand the first quality brown Sugar, by the hogshead or barrel; Jamaica Spirits, per do; and a few hogsheads of Surinam Molasses.—The above articles may be purchased at a reduced price, either by wholesale or retail, for cash, as the subscriber is about to leave the town, he calls on all those who have unsettled accounts with him, to call and adjust them without delay. *Newport, May* 5, 1806

LAW BOOKS.

Just Received and for Sale at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY the following Law-Books viz.

PART 1st of the 1st vol. of the new series of New-York Term Reports by William Johnson Esq. the present Reporter to that State.
The 5th vol. of East's Reports American edition.
Durnford and East's Reports 8 vols 8vo.
Supplement to Bacon's Abridgement 3 vols. 8vo.
Buller's Nisius Prius 1 vol. 8vo.
Saunders's Reports 3 vols. 8vo.
Fonblanque on Equity 2 vols. 8vo.
Bacon's abridgment 7 vols. 8vo.
Graydon's Digest 1 vol. 8vo.
New-York Term Reports 2 vols. 8vo.
New York Cases in Error 1 vol. 8vo.
Marshall on Insurance 1 vol. 8vo.
Pothier on Obligations 1 vol. 8 vo.
Blackstone's Commentaries with Christian's Notes of reference to the laws of the United States 4 vols. 8vo.
Vattel's Law of Nations 1 vol. 8vo.
Barlamaqui on Law 1 vol. 8vo.
Robinson's Admiralty Reports 4 vols. 8vo

The above with every other Book, for sale at the office of the Newport Mercury, will be sold as cheap as can be purchased at any Book-Store in America.

☞ LAW BOOKS of every kind (both English and American) procured at the shortest notic and upon as good terms, as at any Book-Store in America.
Newport, June 6, 1806.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general, That he has lately built a large and commodious Packet, called the GOLDEN AGE, (*Philip Justin* master, who has been a number of years in the Packeting business, and has given great satisfaction to all classes of people).—She is for the purpose of accommodating Families, Gentlemen and Ladies, to and from New-York, to Newport and Providence.—She is well found, every thing being new and of the best materials; and is as well calculated for safety, as any vessel ever built in this State; her cabin and her accommodations are equal, if not superior to any Packet in America, or any part of the globe; and sails remarkably fast.

The price for a Passage from New-York to Newport and Providence, is as heretofore; and Freights as cheap as any other Packet in the Trade. She will sail from and return to *James Perry's* Wharf. All those that are disposed to take Passage, and give Freight to said Packet, are requested to apply to the master on board, or at store NO. 3, on said Wharf.

ALSO,

The fast-sailing Packet, GENERAL GREEN, *George Perry*, master, will sail from and return to said Wharf, being in compleat order, for New-London and Norwich, Newport and Providence, as a steady Packet.—For Freight or Passage apply to the master on board, or as above.

ALSO,

THE fast-sailing and beautiful Packet MINERVA, *Ray Bliven* master, for Providence and Newport.—She will sail from and return to said Wharf, or any other place, to accommodate Passengers.

N. B. As the above Packets are to accommodate the Public, they will take Gentlemen and Ladies to almost any place whatever, either on a party of pleasure, or on business.
Storage to be had as usual, in excellent stores.
JAMES PERRY.
Newport, June 6, 1806.

SALT AFLOAT.

FOR SALE, BY
EARL & ALLSTON,

THE CARGO of the Ship LEVANT, consisting of Cadiz Salt, of a superior quality.—Bloom Muscatel Raisins in boxes, and Legia Ditto in kegs.—Also a few quarter-casks of good Sherry Wine.
Newport, May 2, 1806.

NOW Landing, at Long-Wharf; the Cargo of the Ship GEORGE WASHINGTON, from St. Petersburgh, consisting of
90 Tons clean Hemp;
45 Do. old Sable Iron. } Flat Bars.
30 Do. new Sable Do. }
15 Do. old Do. Do. 3-4, 1, and 1 1-4 inches square.
2 Do. Yellow Tallow.
2 Do. Flax.
Russia and Ravens Duck, of the first Quality,
for sale, by
SIMEON & EDWARD MARTIN,
For Cash, or unquestionable Notes *only*, at either Bank.

ALBERT W. GARDINER,
No. 108 *Thames-Street,*

HAS just received an elegant assortment of Scotch and ingrain Floor CARPETING, which he will sell on low and easy terms.
Newport, May 23, 1806.

CHRISTOPHER FOWLER
HAS FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY of Virginia Corn.
100 barrels supe fine Flour.
And 1000 new Oak Staves.
Newport, May 5, 1806.